

Sol<sup>m</sup>. 9

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x^2}} dx$$

Put  $x = \tan \theta$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta}$$

$$dx = \frac{d\theta}{\cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\therefore \int \frac{1}{\tan^2 \theta \sqrt{1+\tan^2 \theta}} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} d\theta$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{1}{\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta}}} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} d\theta$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{\cos \theta d\theta}{\sin^2 \theta}$$

Put  $t = \sin \theta$

$$dt = \cos \theta d\theta$$

$$\therefore \Rightarrow \int \frac{dt}{t^2} \Rightarrow \int t^{-2} dt \Rightarrow \frac{t^{-2+1}}{-2+1} + C \Rightarrow \frac{t^{-1}}{-1} + C$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-1}{t} \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{\sin \theta} \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{\sin(\tan^{-1} x)}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} 1 + \tan^2 \theta \\ \Rightarrow 1 + \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} + \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} \\ \frac{\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-1}{x \sqrt{1+x^2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{x} + C \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$