

Solⁿ 10.1:

$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx$$

Let $I = \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x \sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx$ (by P_9)

$$I = \int_0^{\pi} \frac{(\pi - x) \sin(\pi - x)}{1 + \cos^2(\pi - x)} dx$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \frac{(\pi - x) \sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx = \pi \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx - I$$

or $2I = \pi \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx$

or $I = \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos^2 x} dx$

Put $t = \cos x$ so that $-\sin x dx = dt$, when $x=0, t=1$ and $x=\pi, t=-1$. Thus, (by P_1) we get

$$I > \frac{-\pi}{2} \int_1^{-1} \frac{dt}{1+t^2} = \frac{\pi}{2} \int_{-1}^1 \frac{dt}{1+t^2}$$

$$= \pi \int_0^1 \frac{dt}{1+t^2} \quad (\text{by } P_7, \sin u \frac{1}{1+t^2} \text{ is even function})$$

$$= \pi \left[\tan^{-1} t \right]_0^1 = \pi \left[\tan^{-1} 1 - \tan^{-1} 0 \right]$$

$$= \pi \left[\frac{\pi}{4} - 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{4} \quad \underline{\underline{\text{Ans}}}$$