

The transistor

Show a single stage transistor amplifier. When a weak a.c. signal is applied to the base of the transistor, a small base current starts flowing in the input circuit. This weak signal applied in the base circuit appears in amplified form in the collector circuit. In this way the transistor acts as an amplifier.

A transistor acts as an amplifier by raising the strength of a weak signal. The D.C. bias voltage applied to the emitter base junction, makes it remain in forward biased condition. Thus a small input voltage results in a large output voltage, which shows that the transistor works as an amplifier.