

E-Commerce and E-Governance

E-Commerce is any transaction completed over a computer-mediated network that involves the transfer of ownership or rights to use goods or services.

E-governance implies technology-driven governance. To that extent, both the concepts are complementary to each other.

E-governance or Electronic Governance is dealt with under Section 4 to 10A of the IT Act 2008. It provides for legal recognition of electronic records and Electronic Signature and also provides for legal recognition of contracts formed through electronic means.

IT Act 2008 is to provide legal recognition for transactions carried out by means of electronic data interchange and other means of electronic

Communication commonly referred to as "electronic commerce" which involves the use of alternatives to paper-based means of communication.

The two main objectives of E-governance is to restore the democracy to its true meaning with the help of importisation of the participation of the citizen in the governing process by giving feedback and access to information and overall participation of the citizen in the decision making.

IT Act, 2000 is the promotion of electronic governance.