

## **RTI stands for Right to Information Act.**

Now you have a very simple definition of RTI - RTI means that citizens can request for information from state or central government departments and offices. And such request should be processed in a timely way as mandated by the RTI Act.

But there is a bit more to the Meaning of RTI!

So we are, clearing all your doubts and queries and explaining **what is RTI** in simple terms.

### **What is RTI? What Does RTI Mean?**

If that's the question on your mind, you are at the right place.

A lot of Indians have heard about RTI but are not very clear on what is RTI and what exactly is the meaning of RTI. It is not a very complex topic but due to lack of awareness, we get overwhelmed by the mention of it. RTI meaning is quite clear when you try to understand how to use it. In simple words, RTI means that any citizen of India can ask for any information which is supposed to be public knowledge.

**Right to Information Act** has been implemented by the Government of India to provide a right to its citizens to ask the relevant questions to the Government and various public utility service providers, in a practical manner. This was done to replace the earlier **Freedom of information Act** of 2002. The primary objective was also to help citizens get faster service from government agencies, as they can now ask why is a certain application or a process being delayed; and mainly to fulfill the aim of a corruption free India.

Are you still wondering what is RTI? We are happy to explain further..

Under the RTI Act, any citizen can seek information from any public or government authority (however, it should not pertain to national security and defense or some personal information) and the authority is liable to respond within a period of 30 days to the application.

Now, the information disclosure in India is restricted by the **Official Secrets Act of 1923** and various other special laws, but many of these have been relaxed in light of the the RTI act.

The RTI act also requires all public authorities to have their records computerised for wide spread relay, such that requests for information by the citizens are processed faster because of information categorisation.

Maybe now you are thinking, how do I go ahead with an RTI by myself:

The application process for filing an RTI involves both offline as well as online options. Some states do not allow for the online option just yet.

Good news:

You can file the RTI at [OnlineRTI.com](http://OnlineRTI.com) for simpler and faster process. **[Click here](#)** to Apply for RTI Online.

There are also different rules for different states and departments for which the RTI needs to be filed. But, [at OnlineRTI we look to simplify the whole process](#) to make it easy for you.

RTI stands for Right to Information. This was passed as an independent Act by Indian Government in the year 2005.

This is a right provided or empowered to the people of our nation or to a much better extent the consumers and customers of our nation by the Government using which they can write to a Government body or Public authority and ask for having the correct information about any product, service or any related activity and the same has to be answered within 30 working days. This is one of those rights that has empowered the nationals and given a sense of involvement of each and everyone of them in the happenings rightfully and justifiably.

RTI has been implied ever since it's inception though with both advantages as well as disadvantages/drawbacks which is but obvious in a nation of more that 100 crores of population and vivid requirements and needs of each one of them.