

Que 5-1

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -1 & -\pi < x < -\pi/2 \\ 0 & -\pi/2 < x < \pi/2 \\ 1 & \pi/2 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

~~Ques~~

$$b - a = 2\pi$$

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin nx \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\int_{-\pi}^{-\pi/2} (-1) dx + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} (1) dx \right]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[-|x| \Big|_{-\pi}^{-\pi/2} + |x| \Big|_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \right]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\pi/2 - \pi + \pi - \pi/2 \right]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} [0] = 0$$

$$\boxed{a_0 = 0} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\int_{-\pi}^{-\pi/2} -\cos(nx) dx + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \cos(nx) dx \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \left[-\frac{\sin(nx)}{n} \right]_{-\pi}^{-\pi/2} + \left[\frac{\sin(nx)}{n} \right]_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \right\}$$

~~Now we know that $\sin(n\pi/2) = 0$~~

SA

$$\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \frac{2}{n\pi} \quad \frac{n\pi^2}{4}$$

Put all values in eqn (4)

$$f(x) = 0 + 0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n\pi} \left(\cos \frac{n\pi}{2} - \cos n\pi \right) \sin nx$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n\pi} \left(\cos \frac{n\pi}{2} - \cos n\pi \right) \sin nx \quad (5)$$

Put $x = \pi/2$ in eqn (5) we get,

$$[f(x)]_{x=\pi/2} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n\pi} \left(\cos \frac{n\pi}{2} - \cos n\pi \right) \sin n\pi/2$$

$$\frac{0+1}{2} = \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \left(\cos \frac{n\pi}{2} - \cos n\pi \right) \sin n\pi/2$$

putting $n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, \dots$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{2} - \cos \pi \right) \sin \frac{\pi}{2} + 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left(\cos \frac{3\pi}{2} - \cos 3\pi \right) \sin \frac{3\pi}{2} + 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} \left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{2} - \cos 5\pi \right) \sin \frac{5\pi}{2} + 0 + \dots$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = 1 + \frac{1}{3}(-1) + \frac{1}{5}(1) + \frac{1}{7}(-1) + \dots$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots$$