

Section 90

(b)

Define the Term Financial Derivates.

Financial Derivates :

Financial derivatives are financial instrument that are linked to a specific financial instrument or indicators or commodity and through which specific financial risks.

Financial derivatives were also known as off-balance sheet instrument because no assets or liability under the contract was put on the balance sheet.

Features of Derivates :

- 1) The transaction in derivatives are separate from the transaction in the underlying securities.
- 2) The financial derivatives is priced according to the value of underlying assets.

3 Financial derivatives are used for wide variety of reason, such as hedging, risk mgt

4 -> The settlement of derivatives generally take place through net payment of cash. It is generally done by before the maturity date.

Basic Financial Derivatives are

Options ->

There are literally thousand of different types of financial derivatives.

Option ->

Option are contract b/w two parties to buy or sell a security at a given price. They are most often used to trade stock option, but may be used for other investment as well.

option market is the sum total of all buying or selling contract which is conducted and may be described either global or regional.

② Future →

future work on the same premise option, although the underlying securities is different.

future are traditionally used for purchasing the right to buy and sell a commodity.

but they are also used to purchase financial securities.

③ Swaps →

Swaps give investors the opportunity to exchange the benefits of their securities with each other.

For example →

One party may have a bond with a fixed int rate but is in a line business where they have season to prefer a varying int.