

Section-3

Q2 Ans * Resistance welding:- Is a welding technology widely used in manufacturing industry for joining metal sheet and components - The weld is made by conducting a strong current through the metal combination to heat up and finally melt the metal at localized point predetermined by the design of the electrodes and the workpieces to be welded . A force is always applied before, during and after the application of current to confine the contact area at the weld interfaces and , in some applications , to forge the work pieces.

* HAZ in welding:- The heat affected zone (HAZ) is a non-melted area of metal that has undergone changes in material properties as a result of being exposed to high temperatures. These changes in material property are usually as a result of welding or high-heat cutting. The HAZ is the area between the weld or cut and the base, parent metal.

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* Submerged welding: It is a common arc welding process that involves the formation of an arc between a continuously fed electrode and the workpiece. A blanket of powdered flux generates a protective gas shield and a slag which protects the weld zone.

* Brazing & Soldering differences-

Brazing	Soldering
→ Brazing has melting point above 800 f (427 c)	→ Filler metal used in soldering has a melting point less than 800 f (427 c).
→ Brazing produces joints stronger than soldering	→ Soldering joints are weaker.
→ Brazing joints resists corrosion	→ Solder joints do not resist corrosion to the same extent.
→ Brazing is mainly used to join all kind of metals in industry such as automotive industry	→ Soldering is mainly used in the electrical industry for permanent connection between the electronic components.