

Section-3

Q1
Ans

(i) $f(x) \geq 0$ for every 'x' in $(1, 2)$ and

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^0 0 \cdot dx + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} \cdot dx = 1$$

Hence the function $f(x)$ satisfies the requirements for a density function.

(ii) Required probability = $P(1 \leq x \leq 2) = \int_1^2 e^{-x} dx$

$$= e^{-1} - e^{-2}$$

$$= 0.368 - 0.135$$

$$= 0.233 \text{ Ans}$$

This probability is equal to the shaded area in fig. (1)

(iii) Cumulative probability function $P(x)$.

$$\int_{-\infty}^2 f(x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^0 0 \cdot dx + \int_0^2 e^{-x} \cdot dx$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - e^{-2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - 0.135$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.865 \text{ Ans}$$

which is shown in fig. (2)

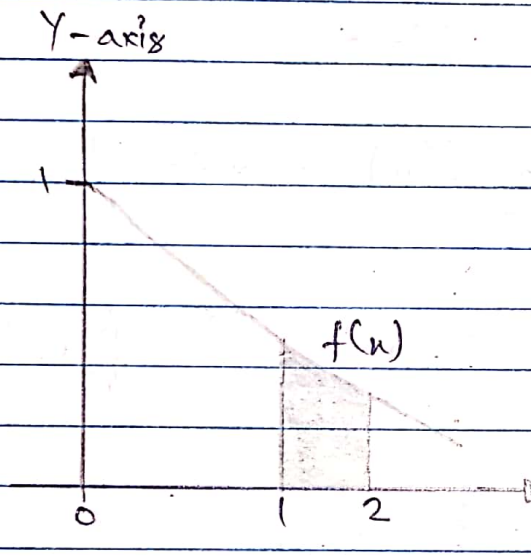


fig (1)

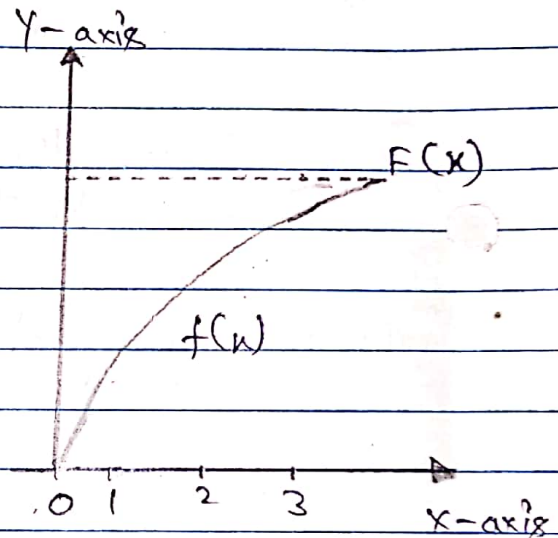


fig (2)