

## Section 3

Ans-①

### Casting defects :-

(i) mould shift :- It results in a mismatching of the top and bottom parts of a casting - usually at the parting line.

(a) causes :- It occurs due to following reasons :-

① misalignment of pattern parts, due to worn or damaged pattern

② misalignment of moulding box or flask/equipment

(b) remedies :- This defect can be prevented by ensuring proper alignment of the pattern, moulding boxes, correct marking of pattern on pattern plates etc.

(ii) core shift :- It is an abnormal variation of the dimensions which are dependent on core position.

(a) causes :- ① misalignment of core in assembling core & moulds.  
② undersized or oversized core parts.

(b) remedies :- This defect can be eliminated by providing the core at the proper place and must be gripped properly in the sand ..

(iii) Swell :-

(iv) Sand wash :-

(v) Hot tears :-

(vi) Sand Blow or blow Holes :-

(vii) Cold shuts and misruns :-

## 2) Residual stresses.

- ① Different sections of a non-uniform cross-section casting solidify at different rates depending on their cross-sectional areas.
- ② Another method of controlling such stress is to take out casting at an average temp. of around  $750^{\circ}\text{C}$  and putting it in an insulated pit and allowing to cool at  $5.5^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{hour}$ .
- ③ If high residual stresses exist in a casting, it has to be relieved by a suitable heat treatment process or by other methods of stress relieving.