

SECTION-4Q.1  
AnsMean,  $\lambda = 4$ , Number of days,  $N = 2100$ 

i) No accident:-

$$P(x=0) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^0}{0!} = e^{-4} = 0.01831$$

 $\therefore$  Required number of days =  $N \cdot P(x=0)$ 

$$= 2100 \times 0.01831 = 1.831 \approx 2$$

ii) at least 2 accidents:-

$$P(x \geq 2) = 1 - P(x < 2) = 1 - [P(x=0) + P(x=1)]$$

$$= 1 - \left[ e^{-4} + \frac{e^{-4}(4)}{1!} \right] = 1 - 5e^{-4} = 0.90842$$

 $\therefore$  Required no. of days =  $N \cdot P(x \geq 2)$ 

$$= 100 \times 0.90842 = 90.842 \approx 91$$

iii) at most 3 accidents:-

$$P(x \leq 3) = P(x=0) + P(x=1) + P(x=2) + P(x=3)$$

$$= \frac{e^{-4}(4)^0}{0!} + \frac{e^{-4}(4)^1}{1!} + \frac{e^{-4}(4)^2}{2!} + \frac{e^{-4}(4)^3}{3!}$$

$$= e^{-4} + 4e^{-4} + 8e^{-4} + \frac{64}{6}e^{-4} = 0.43347$$

 $\therefore$  Required No. of days =  $\frac{e^{-4}(4)^3}{3!} + \frac{e^{-4}(4)^3}{4!}$ 

$$= 100 \times 0.43347 = 43.347 \approx 43$$

4) between 2 &amp; 5 accidents.

$$P(2 < x < 5) = P(x=3) + P(x=4) = \frac{e^{-4}(4)^3}{3!} + \frac{e^{-4}(4)^4}{4!}$$

$$= \left( \frac{64}{6} + \frac{256}{24} \right) e^{-4}$$

Required no. of days:-

$$= 0.3907$$

$$= N \cdot P(2 < x < 5) = 100 \times 0.3907 = 39.07 \approx 39$$