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Section-01

Q.1

Ans

Given Laplace equation is:-

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0 \quad \text{--- eqn-1}$$

Let $u = XY$, where X is a function of x only and Y is a function of y only.

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = Y \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2}$$

and

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = X \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2}$$

From eqn-2.

$$Y \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} + X \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{X} \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{Y} \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2}$$

Case i :- $-\frac{1}{X} \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{Y} \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} = 0$

$$\frac{1}{X} \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} = 0$$

and $\frac{1}{Y} \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} = 0$

$$X = C_1 x + C_2 \quad Y = C_3 y + C_4$$

At

$$y=0, Y=0 \Rightarrow C_4=0$$

$$y=b, Y=0 \Rightarrow C_3=0$$

$$Y=0$$

Thus,

$$u = XY = X(0)$$

$$u = 0 \text{ (not possible)}$$

Case ii :-

$$-\frac{1}{X} \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{Y} \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} = k^2$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} + k^2 X = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} - k^2 Y = 0$$

$$X = C_1 \cos kx + C_2 \sin kx,$$

$$Y = C_3 e^{ky} + C_4 e^{-ky}$$

if

$$y=0, Y=0$$

$$C_3 + C_4 = 0$$

$$C_4 = -C_3$$

$$Y=0 \text{ at } y=b$$

$$0 = C_3 e^{kb} - C_3 e^{-kb}$$

$$C_3 (e^{kb} - e^{-kb}) = 0$$

$$C_3 = 0,$$

$$C_4 = 0$$

$$Y=0$$

(Not possible)

Case iii :-
$$-\frac{1}{x} \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{y} \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial y^2} = -k^2$$

$$x = C_1 e^{kx} + C_2 e^{-kx}$$

$$y = C_3 \cos ky + C_4 \sin ky$$

$$y=0, Y=0, C_3=0$$

$$y = C_4 \sin ky$$

$$y=b, Y=0$$

$$0 = C_4 \sin kb$$

$$\sin kb = 0$$

$$kb = n\pi$$

$$k = \frac{n\pi}{b}$$

thus,
$$u = (C_1 e^{kx} + C_2 e^{-kx}) C_4 \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b} \quad \text{--- eqn-2}$$

$$x=0, u=0$$

$$0 = (C_1 + C_2) C_4 \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b}$$

$$C_1 + C_2 = 0$$

$$C_2 = -C_1$$

from eqn -2

$$u = \frac{2}{2} C_4 C_1 (e^{kx} - e^{-kx}) \sin \frac{n\pi y}{b}$$

$$u = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b_n \left(\frac{e^{\frac{n\pi x}{b}} - e^{-\frac{n\pi x}{b}}}{2} \right) \sin \left(\frac{n\pi y}{b} \right) \quad \text{eqn-3}$$

let

$$b_n = 2 C_1 C_4$$

$$x=a, u=f(y)$$

From eqn-③

$$f(y) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b_n \left[\frac{e^{\frac{n\pi a}{b}} - e^{-\frac{n\pi a}{b}}}{2} \right] \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right)$$

$$f(y) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b_n \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right)$$

$$b_n \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi a}{b}\right) = \frac{2}{b} \int_0^b f(y) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right) dy$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{b \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi a}{b}\right)} \int_0^b f(y) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right) dy \quad \text{eqn-④}$$

$$u = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} b_n \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi x}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right)$$