

Question 4. Solve the linear differential equation.

$$x^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - 4xy \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + 4y^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} + 6y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = x^2 y^2$$

Answer

Put $x = e^x$, $y = e^y$ so that $X = \log x$ and $Y = \log y$ and let $D = \frac{\partial}{\partial X}$, $D' = \frac{\partial}{\partial Y}$

and $DD' = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial X \partial Y}$ then the given equation reduces to.

$$\begin{aligned} & [D(D-4) - 4DD' + 4D'(D'-1) + 6D']z = e^{8x-6y} \\ & = [(D^2 - 4DD' + 4D'^2) - (D - 2D')]z = e^{8x-4y} \\ & = (D - 2D')(D - 2D' - 1)z = e^{8x+4y} \end{aligned}$$

Its

$$\begin{aligned} CF &= f_1(Y+2X) + e^{\frac{X}{2}} f_2(Y+2X) \\ &= [f_1(\log y + 2 \log x) + x \{ f_2(\log y + 2 \log x) \}] \\ &= [f_1(\log yx^2) + x f_2(\log yx^2)] = g_1(yx^2) + x g_2(yx^2)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} PI &= \frac{1}{D-2D'-1} \left[\frac{1}{D-2D} e^{2x-4y} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{D-2D'-1} \left[\frac{1}{3-8} \int e^x du \right] \text{ where } 3x+4y = u \\ &= \frac{1}{D-2D'-1} \left[-\frac{1}{5} e^{3x-4y} \right] \\ &= -\frac{1}{5} \left[\frac{1}{D-2D'-1} e^{3x+4y} \right] \\ &= -\frac{1}{5} \left[\frac{1}{3-8-1} e^{3x+4y} \right] = \frac{1}{30} e^{3x+4y} \\ &= \frac{1}{30} x^2 y^3 \end{aligned}$$

Hence the Complete Solution is

$$z = CF + PI = g_1(yx^2) + \log_3(x^3) + \frac{1}{30} x^2 y'$$

where g_1 and g_2 are arbitrary function.