

Solc → 2

Q1 $x^2 z_x - y^2 z_y + p x + q y = \log x$

Solⁿ

let $x = e^x, y = e^y$ so that $x = \log x$
& $y = \log y$ & let $D = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$ & $D' = \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$

then the given eqⁿ reduced to

$$[D(D-1) - D'(D'-1) + D - D']z = x \quad \text{--- (1)}$$
$$(D^2 - D'^2)z = x$$

which is a homogeneous linear partial differential equation, with constant coefficients.

$$\therefore C.F. = \phi_1(y+x) + \phi_2(y-x)$$

$$P.I. = \frac{1}{D^2 - D'^2}(x) = \frac{1}{(1)^2 - (0)^2} \int \int u du u.$$

where $x = u$.

$$= \int \frac{u^2}{2} du = \frac{u^3}{6} = \frac{x^3}{6}$$

Hence solution to eqⁿ (1) is

$$z = \phi_1(y+x) + \phi_2(y-x) + \frac{x^3}{6}$$

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$$= \phi_1(\log y + \log x) + \phi_2(\log y - \log x) + \frac{(\log x)^3}{6}$$

Therefore the complete solution to the given differential equation is

$$z = \phi_1(\log xy) + \phi_2\left(\log \frac{y}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{6}(\log x)^3$$

$$z = f_1(xy) + f_2\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{6}(\log x)^3$$

Where f_1 & f_2 are arbitrary functions