

Q3) Write short notes on the following.

- (i) Halting problem of TM.
- (ii) Recursive language
- (iii) variants of Turing machine

Sol

Halting problem of TM:

- The description of a Turing machine M and an input w , does M , when started in the initial configuration q_0w , perform a computation that eventually halts.

- Now we ask whether M applied to w , or simply (M, w) , halts or does not halt.
- The domain of this problem is to be taken as the set of all Turing machines and all w ; that is we are looking for a single Turing machine that given to description of an arbitrary M & w , will predict whether or not the computation of M applied to w will halt.

Recursive language :

- TM defines two classes of language such as recursively enumerable language and recursively language.
- The language L is called recursively language if there is a Turing machine T that accepts every valid string in L & either rejects or loops for every strings in the complement of L (\bar{L}).
- Every recursive language is recursively enumerable language.

Variants of Turing machine :

- Multiple track Turing machine.
- Two way infinite Tape Turing machine.
- Multi-tape Turing machine.
- Multi-tape Multi-head Turing machine.
- Multi-dimensional tape Turing machine.
- Multi-head Turing machine.
- Non-deterministic Turing machine.