

Ans=9

Census

A census is the procedure of systematically acquiring and recording information about the members of a given population. It is a regularly occurring official count of a particular population. The term is used mostly in connection with national population and housing censuses; other common censuses include agriculture, business, and traffic censuses. In the latter case the elements of the population are farms, businesses and so forth.

Rather than people, the United Nations defines the essential features of population and housing censuses as "individual enumeration, universality within a defined territory, simultaneity and defined periodicity", and recommends that population censuses be taken at least every 10 years. United Nations recommendations also cover census topics to be collected, official definitions,

classifications and other useful information to coordinate international practise.

Use of Census Method

In the 19th century, the first censuses collected paper enumerations that had to be collated by hand so the statistical uses were very basic. The government owned the data and were able to publish statistics uses very were basic. The ~~go~~ themselves on the state of the nation. uses were to measure changes in the population and apportion representation. Population estimates could be compared to those of other countries.

Questionnaire

Questionnaire is a main research instrument in collecting primary data. It is used in data collection.

A questionnaire consists of a set ~~of~~ of questions presented to the