

Q.2

- i. Dynamic memory allocation is when an executing program requests that the operating system give it a block of main memory.
- ii. The program then uses this memory for some purpose.
- iii. Usually, the purpose is to add a node to a data structure.

- advantage

(i) The main advantage of using dynamic memory allocation is preventing the wastage of memory.

(ii) This is because when we use static memory allocation, a lot of memory is wasted because all the memory allocated cannot be utilised.

memory fragmentation:
keeping track of allocated and deallocated memory is complicated. A modern operating system does all this.

