

Q4.

Hour angle: It is the angle through which the earth must be rotated to bring to meridian of a point directly in line with sun's ray

mathematically. Hour angle can be expressed

$$\cos \omega_s = 15(LST - 12)$$

LST = Local solar time

Day taken - The hour angle and the given below.

$$\theta_z = 0 \text{ and } \omega = \omega_s$$

$$\cos \omega_s = -\tan \phi \tan \delta$$

Tidal surface  $\omega_s = \cos^{-1} [-\tan(\phi - \beta) \tan \delta]$

The corresponding day length,

$$N = \frac{2}{15} \cos^{-1} [-\tan(\phi - \beta) \tan \delta]$$