

Section-3-

Q.1. (a) Open cycle M.H.D. System:

→ In an open cycle system the working fluid is used on the once through basis. The working fluid after generating electrical energy is discharged to the atmosphere.

→ Generally coal is used as fuel it produce more conductive plasma. This is because of more carbon atoms compared to Hydrogen atoms.

The working temperature is approximately 2300°C .

→ parts of open cycle M.H.D. systems:

- (i) Compressor (ii) pre-heater (iii) Combustor
- (iv) Nozzle (v) generator (vi) Inverter
- (vii) Inverter (viii) gas chamber (ix) Speed recovery system.

Section-3-

Q.1. (b).

→ In this system the very high thermal efficiency is achieved with low cycle cost in closed plant & provides more useful power at low temperature

at 1600°C . The ducts of these units are small because of high pressure.

→ Helium or Argon is used as a working fluid

→ Exchangers get ionized, alkali metal is mixed

- - - continue.

— continue —

3

Section - 3- Q.1(b)

with inert gas to provide the necessary conductivity in closed cycle plant, where recovery is possible.

→ The working fluid in closed cycle is seeded with cesium & circulated in a closed loop.

→ The ionized gas passes through the ~~magnif~~ magnetic field to produce DC power.

→ It shows the schematic of liquid metal MHD generator. The superheated metallic vapour is expanded through the supersonic nozzle & enters in the generator in liquid form with the velocity of 150 m/sec.