(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book)

PAPER ID: 0208 Roll No.

B.Tech.

(SEM. III) ODD SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION 2012-13

BASIC SYSTEM ANALYSIS

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note: This paper contains five questions. Attempt all questions.

1. Answer any four parts:

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

- (a) Explain the concepts of Stability and time invariance taking suitable examples.
- (b) Explain what are power and energy signals. Explain their relationship with periodicity.
- (c) A x(t) signal is given by the figure 1. Draw and explain the

signal $\phi(t) = x\left(\frac{t}{2} + 6\right)$.

Figure 1

- (d) Explain the Force-voltage and Force-current analogies.
- (e) Draw the mechanical equivalent of the system shown in figure 2. Obtain the electrical analog system using the Force-

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Current analogy.

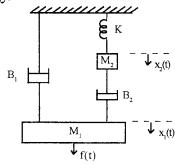


Figure 2

(f) An R-L-C series circuit is as shown in figure 3. The switch is moved from position 1 to 2 at t = 0 after it remained in position 1 for a long time. The initial current at $(t = 0^-)$ in the inductor is 2 A and the voltage across the capacitor at that instant is = 4 volts.

Find the expression for the inductor current i(t) for t > 0

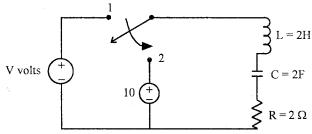


Figure 3

2. Answer any two parts:

- $(10 \times 2 = 20)$
- (a) Explain the three forms of Fourier series. Derive the exponential form of Fourier series. Find the exponential form of Fourier series for a triangular wave of maximum value 1 and time period 2 seconds.
- (b) Derive the Fourier transforms of the following functions:
 - (i) Unit impulse function (ii) rect (t)

(iii) $e^{-2|t|}$

(iv) sin2t.

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(c) State and derive the following four properties of Fourier Transform:

- (i) Duality
- (ii) Time shifting
- (iii) Frequency shifting and (iv) Scaling.

3. Answer any two parts:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

(a) State and prove the Convolution theorem. Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following function using the Convolution theorem.

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s(s^2 + 2s + 4)}$$

(b) Find the Laplace transform of the following waveforms shown in figure 4a and 4b.

(i)

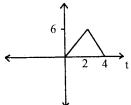


Fig 4 (a)

(ii)

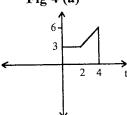


Figure 4(b)

(c) (i) State and prove the initial and final value theorems.

(ii) A pulse of width one second and magnitude one volt is applied across a series R-L circuit with R = 1 ohm and L= one Henry. Find the current i(t) flowing in the circuit as a function of time. Use Laplace transform method.

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Answer any two parts:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

(a) What is the state transition matrix? What are its properties? Find the state transition matrix for a system matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (b) What are homogeneous and non-homogeneous systems? Derive the solution of the two systems in terms of the state variables.
- (c) Obtain the response of the system:

$$\dot{\mathbf{X}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{X} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{U}(\mathbf{t}), \ \mathbf{X}(\mathbf{0}) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

and
$$\mathbf{Y}(\mathbf{t}) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{X}$$

to the following input
$$U(t) = \begin{bmatrix} U_1(t) \\ U_2(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} U(t) \\ e^{-3t}U(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

where U(t) is a unit step function.

5. Answer any four parts:

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

- (a) What is the difference between the Z-transform and the Laplace transform? Explain.
- (b) Define the properties of Z-transform.
- (c) Find the Z-transform of the following sequences:

(i)
$$Y_1[n] = \{2, 0, 3, 6, 8\}$$

(ii) u[n].

- (d) Find the inverse Z-transform of the following function:

$$X[z] = \frac{1}{1 - 1.5z^{-1} + 0.5z^{-2}}$$

for ROC (i) |z| > 1, (ii) |z| < 0.5 and (iii) 0.5 < |z| < 1draw the various ROCs.

- Enlist the properties of the ROC in Z-transform.
- Find the Z-transform of $x[n] = na^nu[n]$.

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